

### North Sea Electric Mobility Network

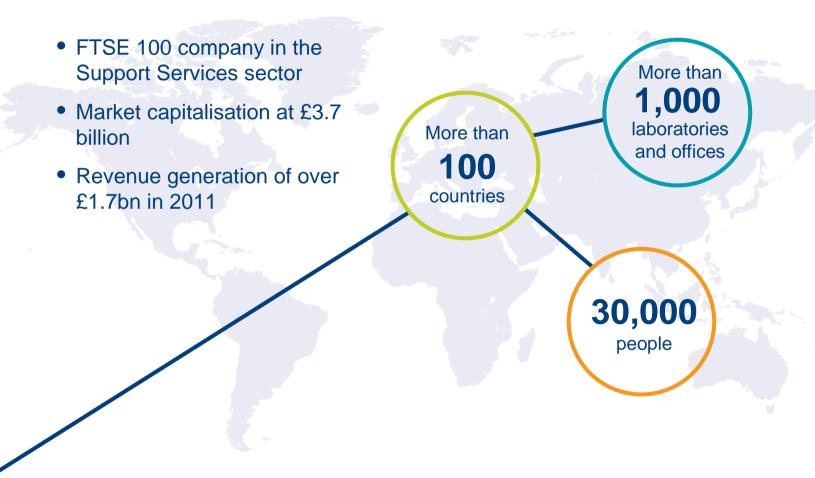
# Testing of Fast Chargers – Where do we stand?

Roger Källberg, Intertek Sweden 2012-03-15



### **An Extensive Global Network**





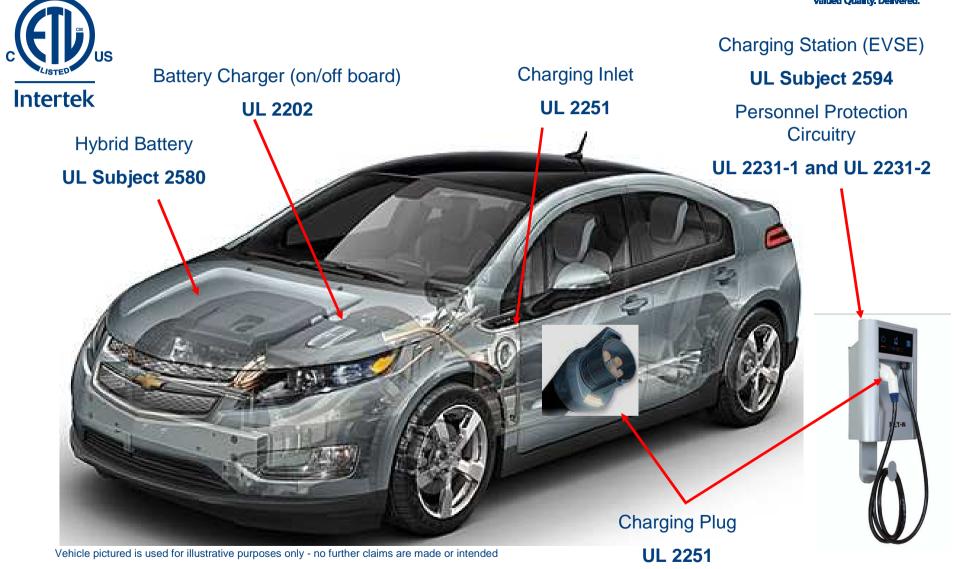
### **Our Industries**



| Our organisation            | Industries we operate in                            | What we do        |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------------|
| Consumer Goods              | Aerospace & Automotive Building Products            | Testing           |
| Commercial & Electrical     | Chemical Consumer Goods &                           | Inspection        |
|                             | Retailers Electrical & Electronic                   | Certification     |
| Commodities                 | Energy Food & Agriculture                           | Auditing          |
| Chemicals & Pharmaceuticals | Government & Institutions IT & Telecom              | Outsourcing       |
|                             | Industrial  Medical & Pharmaceutical                | <b>7</b> Advisory |
| Industry & Assurance        | Minerals Petroleum                                  | Training          |
|                             | Toys, Games & Hardlines Textile, Apparel & Footwear | Quality Assurance |

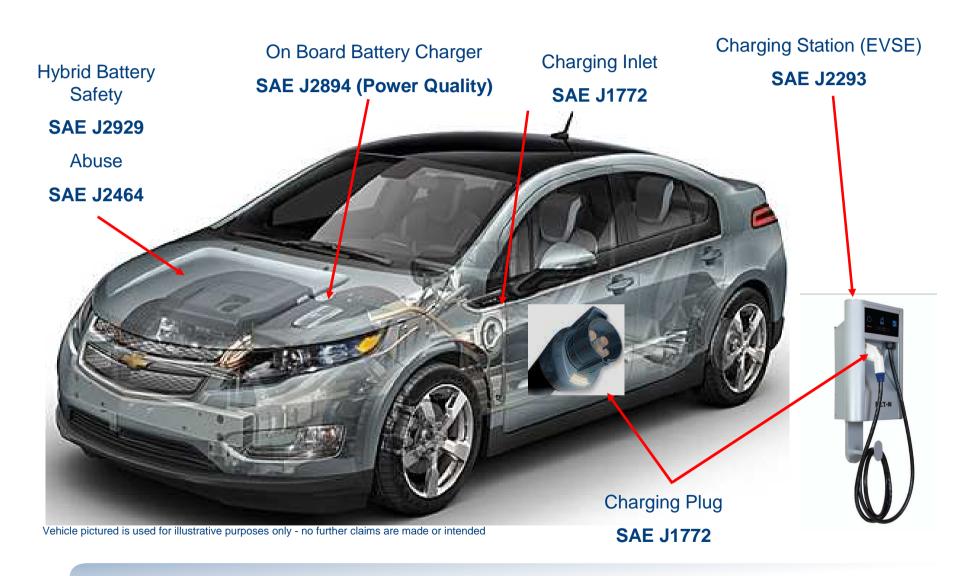
### **Intertek Applies EV UL Safety Standards**





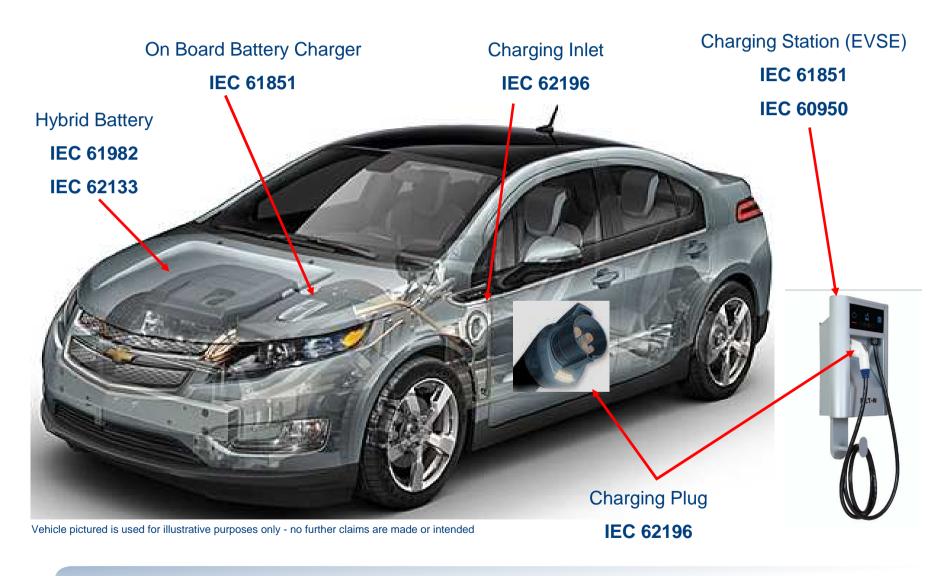
### **Intertek Applies EV SAE Standards**





### **Intertek Applies EV International (IEC) Standards**





### Why international harmonization is so important...



# HOW STANDARDS PROLIFERATE: (SEE: A/C CHARGERS, CHARACTER ENCODINGS, INSTANT MESSAGING, ETC.)

SITUATION: THERE ARE 14 COMPETING STANDARDS.

14?! RIDICULOUS! WE NEED TO DEVELOP ONE UNIVERSAL STANDARD THAT COVERS EVERYONE'S USE CASES. YEAH!

500N:

SITUATION: THERE ARE 15 COMPETING STANDARDS.

### Why standards?



- To secure mass-market adoption of technology
- To secure interoperability between different systems
- To avoid different proprietary systems on the market
- To create customer trust
- To establish a proper level of safety

### Standardisation, how hard can it be???



In fact, quite tricky!

There are many interest groups involved and there can exist a lot of politics

- National interest groups
- Industrial conglomerates
- Different standardisation groups/committees
- How much, and what to test

## Who are involved in developing EV charging standards?



It is handled within the IEC, ISO, SAE, UL...

- Within IEC a group called TC69 is responsible for developing the EV charging standards
- 26 countries are members and involved in developing the EV charging standards
- TC 69 has two WG (Work Groups) who has the responsibility to physically write the standards
- WG3 are responsible for Motors and Control Systems (Small group)
- WG4 are responsible for Power Supply and Chargers (Large group)
- It typically takes 36 months to develop a new std









# Which different interests are involved in standardisation?









# Which are the EV charging standards and sub-standards within IEC?



- IEC/EN 61851-1
  General requirements
- IEC/EN 61851-21
   Electric vehicle requirements for conductive connection to an AC/DC supply
- IEC/EN 61851-22
   AC electric vehicle charging station
- IEC/EN 61851-23
   DC electric vehicle charging
- IEC/EN 61851-24
   Digital communication between a DC charging station and an electric vehicle for control of DC charging

#### **General requirements**



The Main Standard for EV conductive charging systems – How is it built up?

IEC/EN 61851-1 Consists of roughly six main parts:

- Electric Safety
- EMC
- Connectors
- Cabling
- Mechanical Strength & Environmental durability
- Communication

It also refers to a number of EV charging substandards and other product standards which you need to fulfil in order to show compliance



#### **General requirements**



- Was first released as an IEC std in 2001
- The new IEC edition of this std was published in 2010
- The work with the new revision has not started yet
- One of the planned changes in the new revision is that it amongst others will point to the std IEC/EN 61439-7 "Assemblies for specific installations at public sites such as marinas, Camping sites, market squares and similar applications and for charging for Electrical Vehicles" which will contain major requirements for charging stations. This std is planned to be published during Q3 2013





- First published as an IEC std in 2001
- Adopted as an EN std in Jan 2002
- New revision is planned to 2012-04
- Above planned revision date will not be met
- Standard is still only on CD level within the responsible committee
- No new revision date is estimated

#### **AC** electric vehicle charging station



- First published as an IEC std in 2001
- Adopted as an EN std in Jan 2002
- New revision is planned to 2012-04
- Above planned revision date will not be met
- Standard is still only on CD level within the responsible committee
- No new revision date is estimated

#### DC electric vehicle charging



There is a massive interest to get this std published by the participating industry and countries. It currently only exists as a CD (2<sup>nd</sup>)

The main countries that are involved in driving the work to complete the std are:

- Germany
- Japan
- USA
- Preliminary publication date is planned to 2012-11
- This date will not be met due to the present amount of comments the latest CD received (85 pages!)





Digital communication between a DC charging station and an electric vehicle for control of DC charging



- Currently only exists on CD level (1st)
- Planned publication date is 2013-06
- This preliminary time plan is heavily dependent on the number of comments it will receive from the committee



